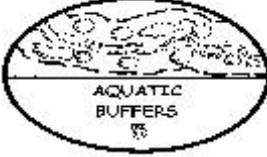
	<u>Subwatershed Classification:</u> Restorable Stream
Description:	Subwatershed classified as impacted or non-supporting that has sufficient retrofit potential to make a meaningful improvement in the hydrologic regime and pollutant loading of the stream.
Goal:	1. Shift the stream from non-supporting to impacted, or from impacted to sensitive in terms of biological community. 2. Increase the economic value of surrounding community/watershed.
Subwatershed Planning Objectives:	• Control hydrologic regime. • Remove urban pollutants. • Restore stream habitat. • Stabilize channel morphology. • Augment riparian cover. • Protect stream substrate. • Enable recolonization of native aquatic community.
Special Watershed Analyses:	• Impervious cover mapping. • Inventory of retrofit sites. • Stream reconnaissance surveys. • Pollution prevention surveys.
Indicators of Success:	• Positive change in biological and/or habitat indicators. • Positive change in public attitudes. • Increased property values and economic activity within watershed.
Unique Stakeholders and Institutions:	Park authorities, local government, public, landowners, regulatory authority.
Key Issues to Consider:	• How much additional development and stream impacts can be accommodated in the future? • What restoration projects are the top priority? • Is privatization of restoration projects a possibility? • What is the long-term capability to finance restoration efforts?

	Subwatershed Plan Criteria: Restorable Stream
 WATERSHED PLANNING 11	• Limit additional new development. • Encourage infill and redevelopment, where stormwater impacts will be reduced from current conditions.
 LAND CONSERVATION 22	• Identify and create or restore degraded natural areas (floodplain, wetlands). • Protect existing sensitive areas, including stormwater management locations. • Preserve open space for retrofit sites.
 AQUATIC BUFFERS 33	• Support active reforestation of the riparian corridor. • Acquire land or conservation easements. • Improve management of stream-side zone or public land/parks. • Remove fish barriers.
 STORMWATER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES 44	• Identify and implement stormwater retrofits. • Emphasize channel protection and pollutant reduction criteria.
 NON STORMWATER DISCHARGES 55	• Evaluate compliance of existing NPDES permit dischargers. • Identify and eliminate illicit connections.
 WATERSHED STEWARDSHIP PROGRAMS 66	• Encourage stenciling of storm drains. • Stress industrial, commercial and residential pollution prevention. • Raise watershed awareness through education/outreach. • Recommend lawn-scaping practices.
 UNIQUE TOOLS 77	• Urban Stream Assessment Techniques. • Fostering partnerships (agency cooperation) • Fund-raising. • Increasing public awareness through "Adopt a Watershed" programs.